## **DRAFT Proposed Revisions**

# Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills

### Reading

### Prepared by the State Board of Education TEKS Review Committees

#### **November 4, 2009**

These course documents have been combined and formatted for consistency and for ease of review.

Proposed additions are shown in green font with underlines and proposed deletions are shown in red font with strike throughs.

Comments in the margin provide explanations for proposed changes. The following notations were used as part of the explanations:

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Reading I, II, III Pages 1-5

Reading Application and Study Skills Pages 6-10

#### §110.47. Reading I, II, III (One-Half to Three Credits).

(a) Introduction.

(1) Reading I, II, III offers students instruction in word recognition and comprehension strategies and vocabulary to ensure that high school students have an opportunity to read with competence, confidence, and understanding. Students are given opportunities to locate information in varied sources, to read critically, to evaluate sources, and to draw supportable conclusions. Students learn how various texts are organized and how authors choose language for effect. All of these strategies are applied in texts that cross the subject fields. For high school students whose first language is not English, the students' native language serves as a foundation for English language acquisition and language learning.

Reading I, II, III, offers students reading instruction to successfully navigate academic demands as well as attain life-long literacy skills. Specific instruction in word recognition, vocabulary, comprehension strategies, and fluency provides students opportunity to read with competence, confidence, and understanding. Students learn how traditional and electronic texts are organized and how authors choose language for effect. All of these strategies are applied in instructional-level and independent-level texts that cross the content areas. For high school students whose first language is not English, the student's native language serves as a foundation for English language acquisition and language learning.

(2) The essential knowledge and skills as well as the student expectations for Reading I, II, III, elective courses, are described in subsection (b) of this section.

**Comment [A1]:** Language was updated to match CCRS, new ELAR TEKS, and current language and skills.

- (b) Knowledge and skills.
  - (1) The student uses a variety of word recognition strategies. The student is expected to:
    - (A) apply knowledge of letter-sound correspondences, language structure, and context to recognize words; and
    - (B) use <u>reference guides</u> (e.g. the keys and entry information in dictionaries, glossaries, and other sources including available technology) to <u>determine</u> enfirm pronunciations and meanings of unfamiliar words.

(2) The student acquires an extensive vocabulary through reading and systematic word study. The student is expected to:

(A) expand vocabulary by reading, viewing, listening, and discussing;

Comment [A2]: Matching language of middle school reading elective TEKS and clarifies the TE for "word recognition"; additionally makes language more concise and current

**Comment [A3]:** Moved from TEK 2 because of the priority of skills; some TEKS were reworded for clarity or to align to CCRS standards

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(B) determine word meanings through the study of their relationships to other	
words and concepts (e.g. content, synonyms, antonyms and analogies	Comment [A4]: From College and Career
	Readiness Standards (CCRS)
(C) recognize the implied meanings of words (e.g. idiomatic expressions, homonyms, puns, and connotations)	Comment [AE]: New TEV, evended and
nomonyms, puns, and connotations)	Comment [A5]: New TEK; expanded and clarified TE
(D) apply the knowledge of roots, affixes, and word origins, to infer meanings;	
and	Comment [A6]: From CCRS
(E) use available reference guides (e.g. dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, and available technology) to determine confirm the meanings of new words and	
phrases.	Comment [A7]: To maintain constancy of
<u>princes.</u>	language and terminology
(3) The student reads for different a variety of purposes with multiple sources, both	Comment [A8]:
narrative and expository in varied sources. The student is expected to:	Comment [A9]: Clarifies Student expectation and aligns to new ELAR TEKS and CCRS
(A) read functional texts to complete real-world tasks a task, (e.g. job	anglis to new ELAR TERS and CCRS
applications, recipes, and product assembly instructions) to gather information, to	
be informed, to solve problems, to answer questions, and for pleasure; and	Comment [A10]: Update language to reflect the
	real world reading skills of the 21st century
(B) read to complete academic tasks sources such as literature, diaries, journals,	
textbooks, maps, newspapers, letters, speeches, memoranda, electronic texts, technical documents, and other media.	Comment [A11]: Making language concise
technical documents, and other media.	Comment [A11]. Making language concise
(C) read using test-taking skills (e.g. highlighting, annotating, previewing	
questions, noticing key words, employing process of elimination, allotting time,	
and following directions)	Comment [A12]: Moved and clarified from 5J
(D) Read to gain content/background knowledge as well as insight about oneself,	Comment [A13]: Added per email instructions
others, or the world	from the team
	Comment [A14]: To align to CCRS standards
(E) Read for enjoyment	
(A) The state of t	On the second se
(4) The student comprehends selections texts using a variety of effective strategies. The student is expected to:	Comment [A15]: Moved from TEK 5 because of the priority of skills; some TEKS were reworded for
student is expected to:	clarity or to align to CCRS standards
(A) monitor his/her own reading and adjust when understanding breaks down	
such as by rereading, using resources, and questioning;	Comment [A16]: Has been prioritized to TEK 4C
(A) use prior knowledge and previous experience to comprehend;	Comment [A17]: Updating language
(A) use <u>prior knowledge</u> and <del>previous</del> experience to comprehend,	Comment [A17]. Optiating language
(B) determine and adjust purpose for reading such as to find out, to understand, to	Comment [A18]: Reordered and clarified
interpret, to enjoy, and to solve problems;	

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(E) construct visual images based on text descriptions;  (F) use study skills (e.g. previewing, highlighting, annotating, note taking, and outlining); and  (F) organize, learn, and recall important ideas from texts and oral presentations such as note taking, outlining, using learning logs, rereading, scanning, and skimming.  (G) summarize texts by identifying main ideas and relevant details.  (G) use questioning to enhance comprehension before, during and after reading little school reading TEKS and the CCRS  (H) make inferences such as drawing conclusions and making generalizations or predictions, supporting them with text evidence and experience;  (J) use test taking skills such as highlighting, making marginal notes, previewing questions before reading, note inferences, analyzes, and evaluates information within cross texts of carrying lengths. The student is expected to:  (A) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of	(E) comment [A20]: Previously 4G  (E) comment [A21]: Combined from previous TEKS and the CCRS  (F) use study skills (e.g. previewing, highlighting, annotating, note taking, and outlining); and  (F) organize, learn, and recall important ideas from texts and oral presentations such as note taking, outlining, using learning logs, rereading, scanning, and skimming;  (G) summarize texts by identifying main ideas and relevant details.  (G) use questioning to enhance comprehension before, during and after reading.  (G) use questioning to enhance comprehension before, during and after reading the school reading TERS and the CCRS.  (D) use text structures such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, and chronological order, and chronological order, and indicates the student of the student of the student draws complex inferences, analyzes, and evaluates information within text evidence and experience;  (A) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of view, or themes.	appropriate strategies understanding breaks down such as by rereading, using resources, and questioning  (D) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of view, or themes:  (D) summarize texts by identifying main ideas and relevant details  (E)construct visual images based on text descriptions;  (F) use study skills (e.g. previewing, highlighting, annotating, note taking, and outlining); and  (F) organize, learn, and recall important ideas from texts and oral presentations such as note taking, outlining, using learning logs, rereading, scanning, and	Comment [A20]: Previously 4G  Comment [A21]: Combined from previous
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(A) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of process as well as the studies of Benjamin Bloo	(A) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of view, or themes;  process as well as the studies of Benjamin Bloo and Lev Vygotsky.  Comment [A28]: Previous SE	across texts of carrying lengths. The student is expected to.	these skills, these previous SEs become a new Ti
	Comment [A28]: Previous SE		process as well as the studies of Benjamin Bloom
		view, or theries;	Comment [A28]: Previous SE
	(B) identify explicit and implicit meanings of texts	(B) identify explicit and implicit meanings of texts	
	Comment [A28]: Previous SE	questions before reading, noticing key words, employing process of elimination, allotting time, and following directions.  The student draws complex inferences, analyzes, and evaluates information within across texts of carrying lengths. The student is expected to:  (A) find similarities and differences across texts such as explanations, points of	Comment [A27]: Because of the cothese skills, these previous SEs become This reflects the order of difficulty of the process as well as the studies of Benjar

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(C) support inferences with text evidence and experience	
(D) analyze text to draw conclusions, state generalizations, and make predictions	Comment [A29]: Aligns with the CCRS
supported by text evidence; and	Comment [A29]: Aligns with the CCRS
(E) distinguish facts from simple assertions and opinions	Comment [A30]: Aligns with the ELAR TEKS
(6) The student reads critically to evaluate texts in order to determine the credibility of the sources. The student is expected to:	Comment [A31]: Previously TEK 8; Revised for clarity and priority
the sources. The student is expected to:	
(A) identify and analyze the audience, purpose, and message of the text analyze	
the characteristics of well-constructed text;	Comment [A32]: Updates language to match the CCRS
(B) evaluate the credibility and relevance of informational sources and their	
appropriateness for assigned and self-selected topics;	Comment [A33]: Clarified to make more concise
(C) analyze the presentation of information and the strength of quality of the evidence used by the author	Commont [A24]. New TEV is aliened to the
evidence used by the addion	Comment [A34]: New TEK is aligned to the CCRS and built on 8D
(D) describe how a writer's evaluate the author's motivation, stance, or position	
and its effect on the validity of the text may affect text credibility, structure, or	
t <del>one;</del>	Comment [A35]: Revised and updated 8C
(D) analyze aspects of text, such as patterns of organization and choice of	
language, for persuasive effect;	Comment [A36]: Revised and updated to create 6D
(E) apply modes of reasoning such as induction and deduction to think critically:	(ID
and	
(F) recognize logical and illogical arguments in text	Comment [A37]: Eliminated to reflect ELAR TEKS and CCRS; skills are embedded in other SEs
	at a higher level
(7) The student reads with fluency and understanding in increasingly demanding and	Comment [A38]: Previously TEK 2 because of priority and emphasis in the classroom and aligns to
varied texts. The student is expected to:	fluency TEKS in ELAR
(A) read silently or orally (e.g. paired reading or literature circles) for sustained	
periods of time;	
(B) read orally at a rate that enables comprehension;	Comment [A39]: Combined with 7A

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(C) adjust reading rate <u>based on according to purposes</u> for reading.	
(8) The student formulates and supports responses to a wide variety of various types of texts. The student is expected to:	Comment [A40]: Previously TEK 6; requires a building of skills and complexity
(A) respond actively to texts in both aesthetic, inquisitively, and critical, ways;	Comment [A41]: Clarity
(B) respond to text <u>in multiple ways</u> (e.g. through discussion, journal writing, performance, visual/symbolic representation; and	Comment [A42]: Clarity
(C) support responses with prior knowledge and experience by adjusting, giving evidence, and clarifying, and	Comment [A43]: Aligns wording to TEKS
(D) support responses with explicit textual information	Comment [A44]: New TEK; from CCRS
(9) The student reads <u>and responds to informational</u> texts to find information on self-selected and assigned topics. The student is expected to:  (A) generate relevant <u>and</u> interesting <del>and researchable</del> questions;	Comment [A45]: Previously TEK 7; clarified wording to match ELAR TEKS and to reflect the emphasis on reading instead of research for this course
(B) locate appropriate print and non-print information using text and technical resources, including databases;	Comment [A46]: Reflects the emphasis on reading instead of research for this course
(B) use text <u>features and graphics to form an organizers such as</u> overview to <u>determine where to</u> <del>headings, and graphic features to</del> locate <del>and categorize</del> information;	Comment [A47]: Reordered; Updates language and makes more precise
(C) analyze the use of common expository text structures (e.g. sequence, description, compare/contrast, cause/effect, and problem/solution)	Comment [A48]: Previously 5I; aligns with ELAR TEKS
(D) organize and record new information in systematic ways (e.g. such as outlines, notes, charts, and graphic organizers);	
(E) communicate information gained from reading; and	
(F) use compiled information and knowledge to raise additional unanswered questions.	Comment [A49]: Reflects the emphasis on reading instead of research for this course
(10) The student reads to increase knowledge of his/her one's own culture, the culture of others, and the common elements of cultures. The student is expected to:	Comment [A50]: Previously TEK 9; clarified wording
(A) compare text events with his/her own personal and other readers' experiences; and	
(B) recognize and discuss literary themes and connections that cross cultures.	

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#### §110.48. Reading Application College Readiness and Study Skills (One-Half Credit). Comment [A1]: To align with the state College and Career Readiness Standards (CCRS), 2009 (a) Introduction. (1) High school students that require or request additional honing of the study skills, especially as the students prepare for the demands of college, may enroll in Comment [A2]: New title of course the one semester course, Reading Application College Readiness and Study Skills. In this course, students learn techniques for learning from texts including studying word meanings, producing effective summaries, identifying and relating Comment [A3]: Redundant key ideas, drawing and supporting inferences, and reviewing study strategies. In addition, students will have opportunities to respond critically to literary texts. In Comment [A4]: Course should focus on a multigenre approach including non-fiction all cases, interpretations and understandings will be presented through varying forms including through use of available technology. Students accomplish many of the objectives through wide reading as well as use of (cross curricular) content Comment [A5]: Redundant texts in preparation for post-secondary schooling. For high school students whose first language is not English, the students' native language serves as a foundation for English language acquisition and language learning. (2) The essential knowledge and skills as well as the student expectations for Reading Application College Readiness and Study Skills, an elective course, are Comment [A6]: Change in title of course described in subsection (b) of this section. (b) Knowledge and skills. (1) The student reads widely for different a variety of purposes from varied numerous sources and cultures. The student is expected to: Comment [A7]: Made language more consistent with CCRS and the updated ELAR TEKS (A) read self-selected and assigned texts in such from varied sources such as (e.g. literature, diaries, journals, textbooks, maps, newspapers, letters, ches, memoranda, literary non-fiction, expository, electronic texts, and other media; and Comment [A8]: Made language more concise and consistent with the CCRS and the updated (B) read for various purposes (e.g. to be entertained, to appreciate a writer's craft, to be informed, to take action, and to discover models) to use in his/her own for writing. Comment [A9]: Concise and consistent language (2) The student builds an extensive vocabulary through reading and systematic word study. The student is expected to: (A) expand vocabulary through wide reading, viewing, listening, and Comment [A10]: To align to new ELAR TEKS discussion; (B) rely on context to determine meanings of words and phrases such as figurative language, idioms, multiple meaning words, and technical <del>vocabulary;</del> Comment [A11]: Elements in this SE are moved to section F of the TEK to prioritize the elements of vocabulary acquisition in accordance with current research. (See Janet Allen, Words, Words Words)

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(B) apply meanings knowledge of affixes and prefixes, roots, and suffixes to comprehend;	Comment [A12]: Reordered this and subseque letters
to comprehend,	Comment [A13]: Made language more concis
(C) investigate word origins as an aid to understanding meanings,	and consistent with the CCRS and the updated ELAR TEKS
derivations, and spellings;	Comment [A14]: Concise language
(D) discriminative distinguish between the connotative and denotative	
meanings and interpret the connotative power of words;	Comment [A15]: Made language more concis and consistent with the CCRS and the updated
(E) use reference material such as glossary, dictionary, thesaurus, and	ELAR TEKS
available technology to determine precise meaning and usage (e.g. such as	
glossary, dictionary, thesaurus, and available technology); and	
(F) discriminate between connotative and denotative meanings and	
interpret the connotative power of words; and	Comment [A16]: Elements in this SE are mo
	to section D of the TEK to prioritize the elements
(F) rely on utilize context to determine meanings of words and phrases	vocabulary acquisition in accordance with current research.
(e.g. such as figurative language, idioms, multiple meaning words,	
idiomatic expressions, homonyms, and technical vocabulary);	Comment [A17]: Formerly TEK 2B; languag
	was updated for conciseness and consistency
(G) interpret the meaning of analogies in texts.	Comment [A18]: Analogies are explicitly covered in the ELAR TEKS as well as implied in 2D TEK.
The student comprehends selections texts using a variety of strategies. The	
nt is expected to:	Comment [A19]: Consistent language
(A) use self-monitoring reading strategies to make his/her own reading	
strategies and make modifications when understanding breaks down such	
as rereading, using resources, and questioning;	Comment [A20]: Conciseness of language
(B) activate and draw upon background prior knowledge and experience in	
order to comprehend;	Comment [A21]: Updated and concise langu
order to comprehend,	Comment [FIZ 1]. Opulied and concise langua
(C) establish and adjust both immediate and overarching purposes for	
reading (e.g. such as to find out, to discover, to understand, to interpret, to	
enjoy, and to solve problems);	Comment [A22]: Concise language
(D) construct images based on text descriptions; and	
(E) create graphic organizers to represent textual information	Comment [A23]: Previously used in TEK 6E
The student reads critically to evaluate texts and the authority of sources. The	Reflects current research including Judy Richardson's <i>Reading to Learn in the Content Ai</i> and others
nt is expected to:	

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(A) analyze the characteristics of clear text audience, purpose, and	
message of text;	Comment [A24]: Clarification the term "characteristics" and uses language from the CCRS
(B) evaluate the credibility and relevance of information sources and their	
appropriateness for various needs;	Comment [A25]: Concise and current language
appropriateness for various needs,	Common p. 2011. Concine and current imagaage
(C) describe how a writer's motivation, expertise, or stance may affect	
text credibility, structure, or tone; evaluate the author's motivation, stance,	
or position and its effect on the validity of the text;	Comment [A26]: Concise and current language
	to match CCRS
(D) analyze aspects of texts (e.g. such as patterns of organization	
organizational patterns, and choice of language diction, format, and tone)	
for their effect on audiences;	Comment [A27]: Clarifying the "aspects of texts" and making language consistent with the nev
	ELAR TEKS
(E) apply modes of reasoning such as induction and deduction to think	
critically; identify explicit and implicit textual information in text	Comment [A28]: Directly from CCRS
(F) support complex inferences with text evidence and experience	Comment [A 20], From 5Ct deals with more
(1) support complex inferences with text evidence and experience	Comment [A29]: From 5G; deals with more evaluating text than as a study skill
(G) recognize logical and illogical modes of persuasive techniques in texts	-
(e.g. bandwagon, glittering generalities, and testimonials).	Comment [A30]: Clarification
(e.g. bundwagon, gittering generatives, and testimonials).	Comment [red]. Chambeadon
The student uses study strategies to learn from a variety of texts. The student	Comment [A31]: Students should be accessing
pected to:	information across from a wide variety texts; align-
	to the goals of CCRS
(A) learn and use effective reading strategies to recall material ideas and	
concepts from text (e.g. previewing, skimming, scanning, rereading, and	
asking relevant questions);	Comment [A32]: Concise and current language
(B) recall important information by taking notes or making marginal	
notations;	
(C) summarize information from text through the use of outlines, study	
guides, or learning logs;	
(D) determine important information in test questions by highlighting and	
(D) determine important information in test questions by highlighting and underlining;	
<del>underminig,</del>	

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(B) summarize information from text (e.g. outlines, study guides,	
annotating, and two-columned note taking)	Comment [A33]: Skills in these TEKS are
annotating, and two-committed note taking)	combined using current language into TEK 5B
(C) use text features and graphics (e.g. headings, tables, sidebars,	
photographs, and captions) to form an overview of informational texts and	
to determine where to locate information	Comment [A34]: Aligns to CCRS standards
to determine where to retail information	
(E) answer different types of questions, including test-like questions such	
as multiple choice, open ended, literal, and interpretative;	
(D) utilize effective test-taking strategies for different types of tests; and	Comment [A35]: Using concise and current language
(F) produce summaries of texts that include main ideas and their	
supporting details;	Comment [A36]: Skills combined into 5B
,	
(G) draw inferences and support them with text evidence and experiences;	
(H) draw conclusions from text information; and	Comment [A37]: Moved and combined to TEK
	4F; deals with more evaluating text than as a study skill
(I) analyze text structures such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, or	
chronological order for how they influence understanding.	Comment [A38]: Combined into 4D
	Comment [A38]: Combined into 4D
(6) The student inquires through reading and researching self-selected and	
	Comment [A38]: Combined into 4D  Comment [A39]: Because this is a one semester reading course, the formal research paper is omitted
(6) The student inquires through reading and researching self-selected and assigned topics. The student is expected to:	Comment [A39]: Because this is a one semester reading course, the formal research paper is omitted and research skills are embedded into other TEKS.
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(6) The student inquires through reading and researching self-selected and assigned topics. The student is expected to:  (A) generate relevant, interesting, and researchable questions;  (B) locate appropriate print and non-print information using text and	Comment [A39]: Because this is a one semester reading course, the formal research paper is omitted and research skills are embedded into other TEKS. Additionally, the new ELAR TEKS cover research.  Comment [A40]: Combined into TEK 5A
(6) The student inquires through reading and researching self-selected and assigned topics. The student is expected to:  (A) generate relevant, interesting, and researchable questions;	Comment [A39]: Because this is a one semester reading course, the formal research paper is omitted and research skills are embedded into other TEKS. Additionally, the new ELAR TEKS cover research.  Comment [A40]: Combined into TEK 5A  Comment [A41]: Because this is a one semester reading course, the formal research paper is omitted
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(F) draw relevant questions for further study from the research findings or Comment [A45]: Combined into TEK 5A (6) The student expresses and supports responses to various types of texts. The Comment [A46]: Reordered due to omission of student is expected to: (A) respond to literary and informational texts through various modes of communication outlets (e.g. discussions, further reading, presentations, journals, written responses, or visual arts); oral interpretations, or (B) respond to informational reading through varied and appropriate modes such as writings, performances, projects, graphic displays, and Comment [A47]: Combined TEKS to make more concise and to follow current language available technology; (C) negotiate, clarify, and defend responses in large and small discussion groups; (B) formulate and defend a position with support synthesized from Comment [A48]: Language has been updated to multiple texts reflect CCRS standards (D) compare reviews of literature, film, and live performance with his/her Comment [A49]: Appears in ELAR TEKS (C) evaluate his/her own personal responses to reading for evidence of growth in insight, clarity, and support. Comment [A50]: Concise and current language

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