

# Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs Division Webinar

Thursday, November 18th, 2021 1:00pm-2:30pm

#### SPECIAL BEAM STREET STR

We equip school systems to increase awareness, promote equitable access, and improve outcomes for all special populations.





Provide updates, reminders, and key action items for staff to apply in preparation for the school year.

### Agenda

- Introduction
- Pregnancy Related Services
- Military Connected Students
- McKinney-Vento Program and Grant Updates
- Foster Care & Student Success Updates
- At-Risk Awareness and Updates
- Closing

ſ	
	***

# **Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs Division**



Kelly Kravitz, MPSA Director Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs Phone: 512-463-9235 Email: Kelly.Kravitz@tea.texas.gov



**Cal Lopez** 

State Coordinator

Texas Education for Homeless Children and Youth (TEHCY) Program

Phone: 512-463-9017

Email: Cal.Lopez@tea.texas.gov



Jordan Brown Special Projects Coordinator Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs Phone: 512-463-9467

Email: Jordan.Brown@tea.texas.gov



LaTrenda Watson At-Risk State Coordinator Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs Phone: 512-463-9414 Email: LaTrenda.Watson@tea.texas.gov

# **TECHNICAL Support and Engagement**

- 1) Please submit any questions during the presentation to the Zoom Q&A.
- 2) The resource document for this webinar is located on our webinar page.
- 3) This presentation will be recorded and available on HMAR website.



4) PDF of presentation will be posted with the resource links.



Pregnancy Related Services Updates

# What is Pregnancy Related Services (PRS)?



### Who is eligible for PRS services?

• PRS services are for the pregnant mothers only.

### How much is the funding?

• PRS has a weighted funding of 2.41 per student.

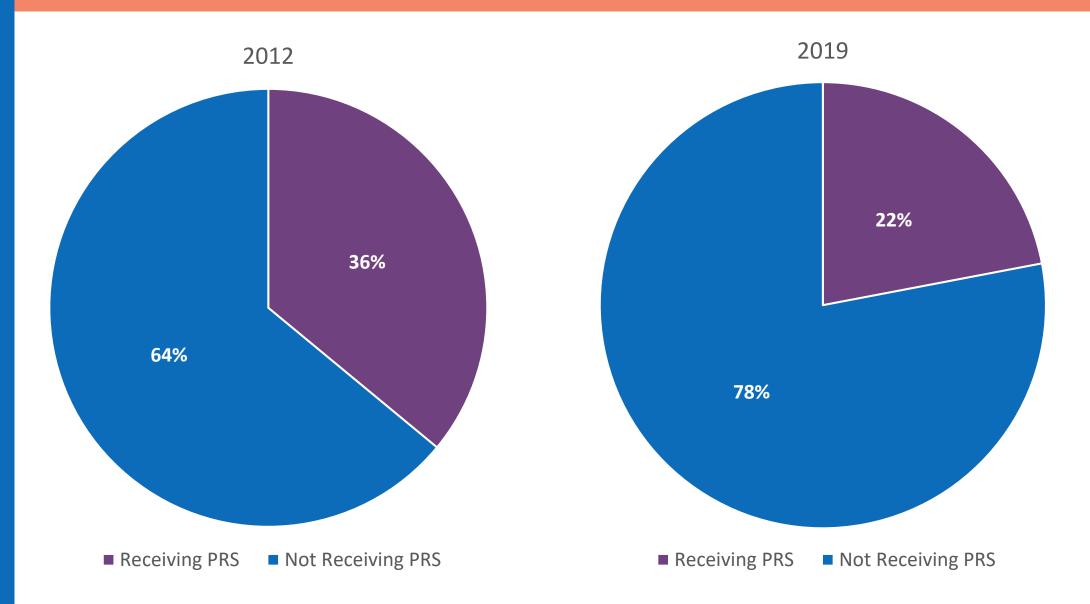
### Do we have to offer CEHI?

• A district is NOT required to provide PRS but if PRS is offered, then you are required to offer CEHI.

- Identification of students is incredibly important to prevent dropout.
- LEAs receive an additional 2.41 weighted funding for each student served under PRS.
- LEAs that serve pregnant students through general education homebound (GEH) do not receive additional PRS funding.

# **PRS Identification**

TEA





## **Pregnancy Leaver Code**

# 1/2

of teen mothers receive a high school diploma by age 22.

In 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature passed HB 3, requiring the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to include pregnancy as a reason a student withdraws from or otherwise no longer attends public school (TEC § 48.009).

08

Pregnancy:

Student (female or male) withdrew from/left school because of pregnancy

# **Virtual Instruction Options**

### There are 3 Fundable virtual options:

### Virtual instruction through SB 15 - SAAH 12.6

- If an LEA and the student meet criteria from SB15, a student may be served daily through a synchronous or asynchronous (requires board approval and posted learning plan) instruction method.
- Please read all eligibility criteria.
- Every student served the majority of their instructional time through a remote method counts towards the LEA's 10% cap.
- If a student has more than 10 absences, they are no longer eligible for ADA funding (ADA code 9) until they return to campus.

# **Virtual Instruction Options**

### There are 3 Fundable virtual options:

<u>Please note: Virtual should ONLY be considered when there is a valid</u> <u>medical reason that the student cannot be served in person.</u>

### **Remote conferencing - SAAH 12.3.1**

- Allows for 20 days of remote instruction provided synchronously for 4 hours every school day with attendance taken at a snapshot time.
- May request an "other" waiver, with a doctor's note to extend beyond the allowable cumulative 20 instructional days. (Note: This wavier may be extended to the newborn.)
- Fear of Covid is not a medical reason.

# **Virtual Instruction Options**

### There are 3 Fundable virtual options:

### **Remote Homebound Instruction - SAAH 12.3.3**

- (4 hours=1 week) requires an approved waiver. The student must:
  - be experiencing prenatal or postpartum complications and receive a doctor's note for remote PRS stating a medical reason why they student cannot be served by in-person CEHI, or
  - meet the eligibility criteria in Section 12.3.3 of the <u>SAAH</u> (qualify as "<u>medically fragile</u>"). Note: this eligibility can be extended to the student if their newborn qualifies as medically fragile.

The school must submit an "Other" Waiver to provide remote homebound instruction to a student. For more information on submitting a waiver for remote homebound instruction, see the <u>State</u> <u>Waivers Guidebook</u>, page 28.



# **Virtual Instruction Options**

### **PRS updated FAQ**

• The FAQ is posted on the <u>PRS Webpage</u>.

### How to find the PRS FAQ?

Go to the main TEA website, click on Covid updates, scroll down and click on "Special Populations", then scroll down and look under "Highly-Mobile and At-Risk". You will see a Pregnancy Related Services FAQ there.

Also please check the TEA website frequently for updates.



Military-Connected Students Updates

# **PEIMS Identification Reminders**

### Students in K-12<sup>th</sup> grade

- Student is a dependent of a current or former member of one of the following:
  - US military;
  - Texas National Guard (Army, Air Guard, or State Guard); or
  - A reserve force.
- Student was a dependent of a member of the US military or reserve force who has fallen in the line of duty.

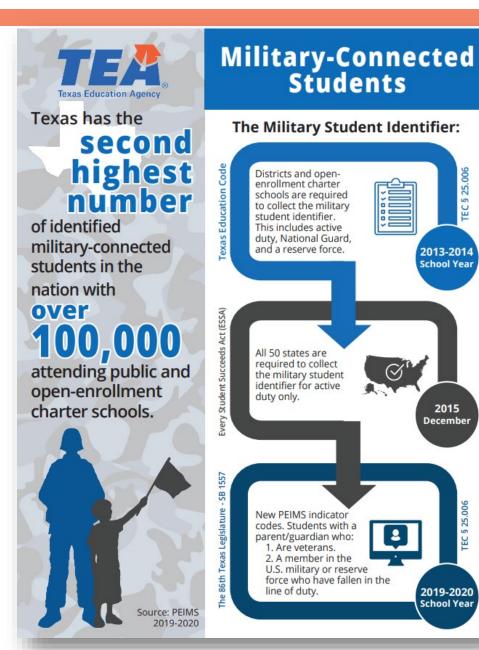
### **Pre-K Students**

### Student is:

- A dependent of an active-duty member of the armed forces of the United State including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces who is ordered to active duty by proper authority; or
- The child of a member of the armed forces of the United States, including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces, who was injured or killed while serving on active duty.

# TEM

# **Military Student Identifier Resource**



### **Strengthening Military Student** Identification

Texas Education Code § 25.006 requires districts and open-enrollment charter schools to collect data to identify their military-connected student population and submit to the Texas Education Agency.

#### Students in K-12th grade:

Student is a dependent of a current member of one of the following: U.S. military:

Texas National Guard (Army, Air Guard, or State Guard); or A reserve force.

Student is a dependent of a former member of one of the following: U.S. military;

Texas National Guard (Army, Air Guard, or State Guard); or A reserve force.

□ Student was a dependent of a member of the U.S. military or reserve force who has fallen in the line of duty.

#### **Prekindergarten students:**

A dependent of an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces who is ordered to active duty by proper authority.

A dependent of the armed forces of the United States including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces who is injured or fallen in the line of duty.

#### FAOs

100

U

S

#### What are the benefits of identifying students as militaryconnected?

District and open-enrollment charter schools will be able to appropriately link military connected students and their families to resources, services and laws (MIC3 - www.mic3.net) they are eligible for because of their active duty status.

#### What are a school's requirements for collecting military student identifier data?

Districts and open-enrollment charter schools must include the military student identifier question in their student enrollment packet.

#### • Does the parent/guardian need to provide proof of their military status?

Verification of military status is not required for the purposes of the military student identifier. Verification may be required if the school has a special program for which there is an eligibility requirement, such as state-funded prekindergarten. Districts and open-enrollment charter schools, should not make copies of Department of Defense (DoD) identification cards.

#### How does the military connected student identifier in the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) differ from the Federal Impact Aid Survey?

PEIMS allows the TEA to collect data from districts and open-enrollment. charter schools regarding their military connected student population also known as the military student identifier. Districts and open-enrollment charter schools may choose to apply for Impact Aid funds based on the number of military-connected students; however, the collection of the Impact Aid survey is not connected to the PEIMS military student identifier. Districts and open-enrollment charter schools should ensure they are collecting the PEIMS military student identifier through their enrollment process



# State Advisory Council (HB 3932)

- Established the State Advisory Council on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.
- Will increase coordination among state agencies, school districts, and military installations concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the <u>Interstate Compact on</u> <u>Educational Opportunity for</u> <u>Military Children.</u>



MILITARY INTERSTATE CHILDREN'S COMPACT COMMISSION

## **Enrollment in Texas Special Purpose School Districts (HB 4124)**



### Waitlist Priority

- Special purpose school districts operated by Texas universities can prioritize military-connected students for enrollment.
  - Texas Tech University (TTU) K-12
  - UT High School



### Enrollment

- These districts may enroll a student who does not reside in the state due to a guardian's active-duty military deployment or transfer, if the student was previously enrolled in school in the state.
  - Students can finish their school year after moving out of Texas.

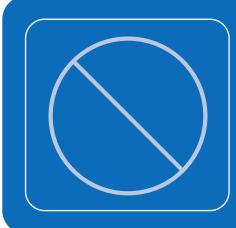
# TER

### Enrollment in Texas Special Purpose School Districts (HB 4124) Continued...



# These districts can receive funding from the Foundation School Program for:

- Each student enrolled who resides in the state, or
- Each student who does not reside in the state due to a guardian's active-duty military deployment or transfer, if the student was previously enrolled in school in the state.



Districts receiving funding cannot charge tuition for the student.

# Eligibility to enroll full-time in TXVSN courses for students residing <u>outside</u> Texas

A student is eligible to enroll in <u>one or more courses</u> provided through the TXVSN <u>or enroll full-time</u> in courses provided through the network if the student:

- is a dependent of a member of the United States military;
- was previously enrolled in high school in this state; and
- does not reside in this state due to a military deployment or transfer.

Note: Some full-time TXVSN online schools choose to add additional eligibility criteria to the state-level requirements. For more information go to <u>www.txvsn.org</u> and link to the <u>specific TXVSN online schools' websites</u> of interest.

# Questions





# **McKinney-Vento Updates**

TEA

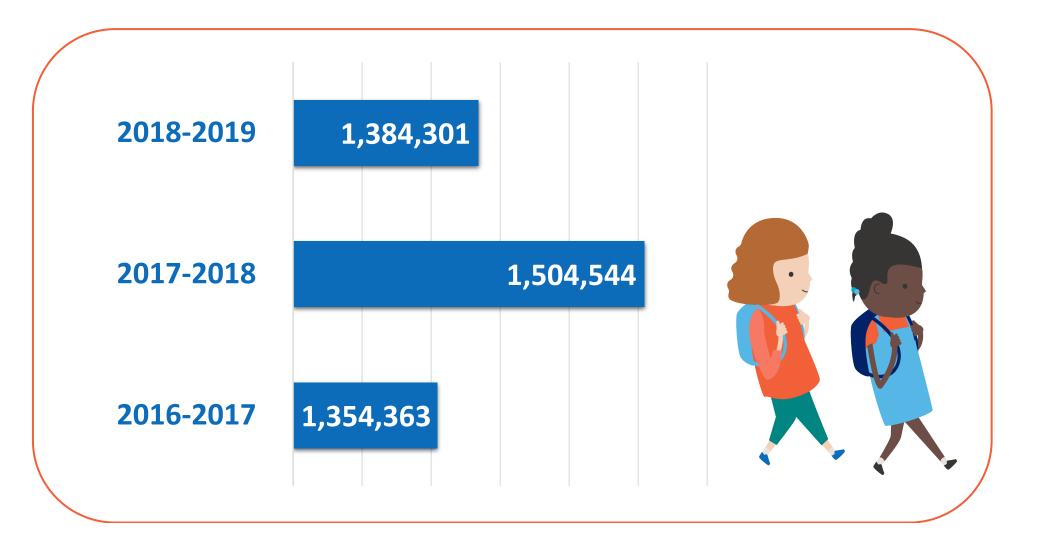
# **November is National Homelessness Awareness Month**

- National and State Data
- McKinney-Vento 101 Training Resources
- ARP Grant Updates
- Regional McKinney-Vento Liaison Information



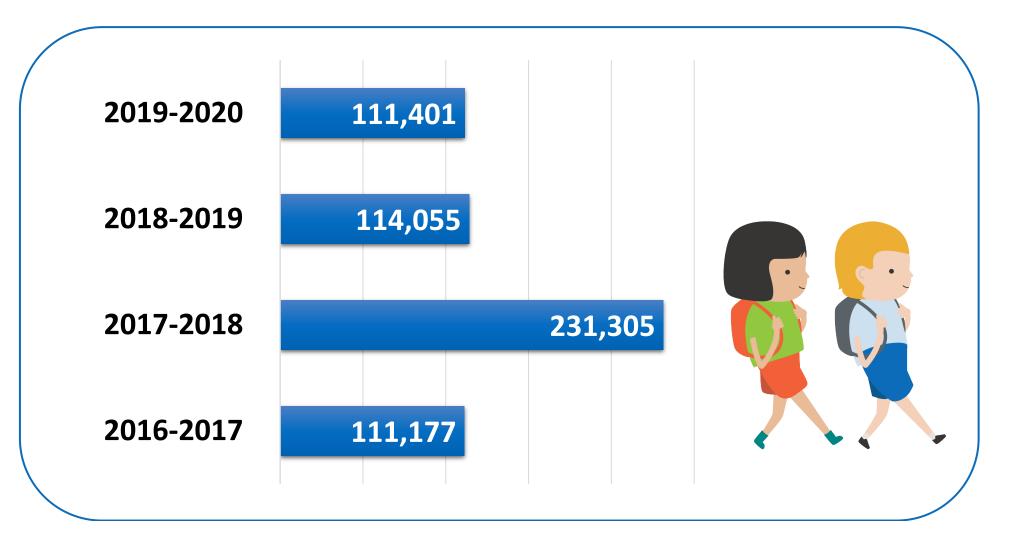


# 2017-2019 National Data | Homeless Student Identification





# 2017-2020 Statewide (Texas) Data | Homeless Student Identification





# **McKinney-Vento 101 Resources**

- October 19<sup>th</sup> Webinar Recording and Slide Deck
- Sample Student Residency Questionnaire
- Sample Intake Form
- Immunization Flow Chart
- Sample Transportation Letter
- Dispute Resolution Resources
- Posters
- Infographic

#### **McKinney-Vento 101 Resources**

McKinney-Vento 101 Webinar - October 19, 2021 (YouTube Vdeo)

Sample Student Residence Questionnaire (PDF)

Sample Intake Form (PDF)

Immunization Flow Chart (PDF)

Sample Transportation Letter (PDF)

Dispute Resolution (PDF)

### **Homeless Student Identification Data**

Every LEA must identify students experiencing homelessness within their district. This process must be done regularly and in a way that is auditable. In Texas, most districts choose to use a student residency questionnaire to help determine whether or not students qualify as homeless under the McKinney-Vento Act.

2019-2020 TEHCY Program Infographic (PDF)

#### 2017-2019 TEHCY Program Infographic (PDF)

The Texas Education for Homeless Children and Youth (TEHCY) Program Infographic summarizes identification and graduation data for students experiencing homelessness enrolled in Texas public schools for the 2018, 2019, and 2020 school years.

#### **McKinney-Vento Posters**

The Texas Education Agency (TEA) has released new McKinney-Vento Posters. There are two versions of the poster, one to assist parents of school-age youth and a second to assist unaccompanied youth. The posters are available in both English and Spanish.



# Sample SRQ and Intake Form

SAMPLE – STUDENT RESIDENCY QUESTIONNAIRE INFORMATION FORM				Fami	ilies in Tra	nsition P
This information will help determine if the student meets eligibility requirements for services under the VicKinney-Vento Act.	Student:				ID Number:	
rudentGradeSchoolarent/GuardianPhone	I am calling to follow up on call is to ask a few question Assistance Act.					
st School Attended						
rrent Address	When did loss of housing o What school did your child		he current addr	ess:		
evious Address	what school did your child	attend at the time:				
mber of Children Enrolled in (ABC ISD)	Was this the last school att	ended? Yes	No	If not, what was th	he name?	
rour current address a temporary living arrangement?				children and youth"—		
Yes or 🗌 No	(A) mear	s individuals who lack a	fixed, regular, an	d adequate nighttime res	idence and (B) in	cludes—
his a temporary living arrangement due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or financial difficulties? Yes or ☐ No	i) children and youths who are to loss of housing, economic h	ardship, or a similar rea	on; are living in	that is a public or priv	rate place not des	igned for or ordi
	motels, hotels, trailer parks, o alternative accommodations;	are living in emergency of	o the lack of ir transitional	used as a regular slee	ping accommoda	tion for human b
re you displaced from your home due to a Natural Disaster? (hurricane, fire, flood, tornado, etc.)	shelters; or are abandoned in	hospitals:				
Yes or 🗌 No						
e of Natural Disaster:						
Hurricane:(Please name)	(iii) children and youths who a abandoned buildings, substan			(iv) migratory children of this subtitle becaus		
Other:(Please describe)	similar settings:	dard nousing, bus of the	in stations, or	described in clauses (		e nving in circum
ase choose which of the following situations the student currently resides in (choose all that apply):						
House or apartment with parent or guardian	Is the referred student an U	Jnaccompanied Youth	(UY), not in the	physical custody of		Yes
Sharing housing with friends or family members (other than or in addition to parent/guardian)	parent/guardian?					
Motels/Hotels	Birthdate:					
Shelter or other transitional housing	Parent/Guardian/UY has re	quested school of or	igin			Yes
Unsheltered – in a car, park, substandard housing, etc.	Do you have other children	, affected by this ho	using situation		ISD?	
ou are living in shared housing, please check all of the following reasons that apply:	Name: Name:		umber: umber:	School: School:		Grade: Sel
Loss of housing	Name:	ID N	umber:	School:		Grade: Sel
Economic hardship	Name: Name:		umber: umber:	School: School:		Grade: Sel
Loss of employment	Name:	ID N	umber:	School:		Grade: Sel
Parent/Guardian is currently on active duty in the U.S. Military	Intake completed by:				Date:	
Other (Please explain, i.e., substandard housing)	Intake completed with:				Relation:	
e you a student living apart from your parents or guardians? Yes No	Reviewed by McKinney-	/ento Liaison:			Date:	
ature of Parent/Guardian/Unaccompanied Youth/School Representative Date						

	SER	VICES			D	ATE
Assist w/participation in Title I Parer	t Programs					
Birth certificate						
Basic needs/Hygiene kit						
Community agency referral						
Consultation with McKinney-Vento	taff					
Emergency clothing or referral						
Emergency food or referral						
Emergency shelter referral						
Emergency utility assistance referral						
Enrollment assistance						_
Family support services (counseling						_
Immunizations or immunization reco	oras					
Non-emergency housing referral Nutrition - School Lunch						-
Nutrition - School Lunch Parent education: Community Ed/ES						
Parent education: Community Ed/Es Parent education: FiT Letter/Pamph						
Parent education: FIT Letter/Pamph Referrals: medical, dental, other	ei					-
School records					-	-
School supplies						-
Transportation (school of origin)						
Transportation (accessing services)						
Other services not listed above:						
other services not instea above.						
Explain services available:	Food Services	Yes	No	Transportation	Yes	No
If the student is absent or will be mo		h	+ (444) 4		anthin the second	and the base
services for the day.	iving call the transpor	tation offic	e at (111) <u>1</u>	11-1111 as soon as po	ossible to can	cel the bus
After several days of not canceling b	us services the stude	nt may rick	losing tran	portation to the scho	ol of origin	
Arter several days of not canceling b	us services, the stude	inc indy inse	iosing trans	sportation to the scho	or or origin.	
Notes:						
Was Parent/Guardian/UY informed	of reason for non-qua	lification?			Yes	No
Reason for non-qualification:					-	

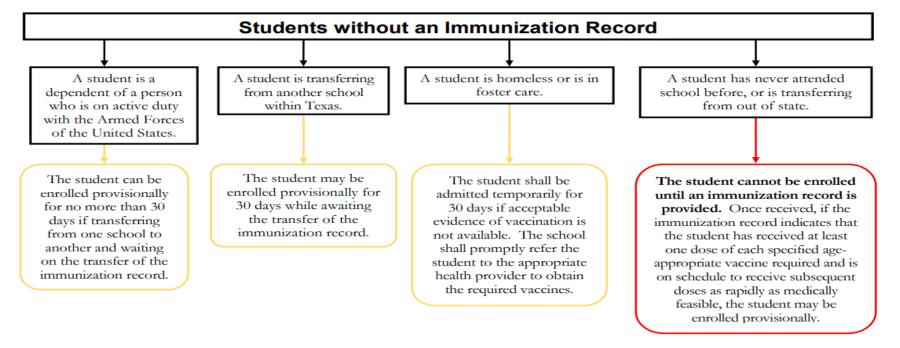


# **Immunization – Provisional Enrollment Resource**

#### Texas Department of State Health Services, Immunization Unit Provisional Enrollment for Students (Non-Higher Education; Non-Veterinary Students)

The following charts are intended to aid school nurses, office staff, private practitioners and the general public in understanding the eligibility of students enrolling in Texas schools in accordance with Title 25, Rules §97.66 and §97.69 of the Texas Administrative Code. Please consult §97.65 and §97.68 of the Texas Administrative Code for guidance on verification of immunity/history of illness and acceptable evidence of vaccination(s).

NOTE: This resource does not apply to child-care facilities. Please refer to §97.66 for provisional enrollment criteria that apply to child-care facilities.



For more information, please contact the Immunization Unit at (800) 252-9152 or visit https://www.dshs.texas.gov/immunize/.



# Sample School of Origin Transportation Letter

- Student information
- ✓ Busing information
- ✓ "No Call" guidance
- McKinney-Vento and transportation program contact information

#### TEH Texas Education for Homeless Children and Youth



DISTRICT LETTERHEAD

ABC ISD - McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Program - School of Origin Transportation Request

Date

Dear Parent or Guardian of \_\_\_\_\_(student's name):

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Education program at (LEA name) has received and approved your request for School of Origin transportation services for your child.

Name	ID#	Grade	School of Origin

All students must be at the designated morning bus stop five minutes prior to \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert morning bus pickup time).

Your child's bus number is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert bus number) for morning transportation services and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert bus number) for afternoon transportation services.

If your child(s) will not be at their designated morning bus stop, please contact the District's transportation department by 5:30 AM (insert transportation contact information).

If you do not own a phone or have access to a phone and know your child will not need bus services, please send note with your child and the appropriate campus staff member will notify the Transportation department.

#### Consequences of NO CALL

- 1st NO CALL Transportation personnel will contact parent or guardian to determine if transportation services are still needed.
- 2nd NO CALL Transportation personnel will contact parent or guardian to determine if transportation services are still needed.
- 3rd NO CALL McKinney-Vento Liaison notifies parent or guardian that transportation services will be
  placed on hold and assess if School of Origin transportation services need to be adjusted or discontinued.

Please let me know if you need any additional information or have any questions.

Thank you,

Name Title (McKinney-Vento Liaison) District Address Phone Number Email Address



# TEA McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution Process and FAQ Resources

- If a dispute is not resolved locally, a complaint may then be filed with TEA.
- Only disputes that have gone through all three levels of the local dispute process will be reviewed by TEA.
- TEAs decisions regarding McKinney-Vento disputes are final.



#### Home / Texas Schools / Support for At Risk Schools & Students

#### McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Dispute Resolution Process

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Act (Act) provides important protections and rights for homeless children and unaccompanied homeless youth. Pursuant to the Act, students experiencing homelessness must be immediately enrolled in the school of origin or the school in the attendance zone where the student currently resides. Disagreements over eligibility, school selection, or enrollment may be disputed. If a dispute arises the child or youth must be immediately enrolled in the school of origin or school located in the child's attendance zone, as requested by the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth, pending final resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals.

McKinney-Vento (MV) disputes should be resolved locally, whenever possible and must go through the local McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution process. To learn more about filing a dispute within a district, please consult with the District McKinney-Vento Homeless Liaison. The Homeless Liaison is available to assist homeless students and families with filing an appeal and navigating the dispute resolution process. If a resolution is not reached locally, then MV disputes may be submitted to TEA.

MV disputes should be expedited and resolved promptly to meet federal requirements. Districts have a responsibility to ensure that local timelines in the district's complaint policies are expedited, whenever possible, to meet the U.S. Department of Education and the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) expectation of prompt dispute resolution.

#### McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)



**Related Content** 

Act

Cal Lopez

Coordinator

512-463-9414

Division

About Education of Homeless Students

**Contact Information** 

Texas Education Agency

HomelessEducation@tea.texas.gov

Title X, Part C: McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance

McKinney-Vento Homeless Education State

Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs

#### What happens after TEA receives a complaint?

Once a complaint is received, TEA will notify the district homeless liaison that a complaint was filed and
request that all related documentation, including the dispute resolution record and any other information
the school board used in its decision-making, is submitted to the TEA within five business days.

#### How soon will TEA make a decision?

The TEA homeless education coordinator, or designee, along with the appropriate agency director, shall
make a final decision within 20 business days upon receipt of the full record from the LEA and any additional
records required by TEA to review the dispute.

#### How will the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth be notified of TEA's decision?

 TEA's written decision will be sent by letter electronically and in hard copy to the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth who filed the complaint; the local school district's homeless liaison; and the local superintendent.



# **Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) Resources**

Note:	ney-Vento Homeless Assista	e the dispute resolution process required by ti ance Act when the parent, guardian, or unacc trict's eligibility, school selection, or enrollmer	ompanied
	dispute resolution process s FDC(EXHIBIT—B) for the Ne Vento Enrollment Dispute Re	arent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth to u et out in FNG(LOCAL), beginning at Level Tw otice of Parent and Student Rights in the Mck esolution Process.] Filling out this form is the olution is encouraged but does not extend an ot by mutual written consent.	o. [See iinney- īirst step
decision. ble, TEA District b	However, because the Act's or recommends that you submit usiness days of receiving the	ays of receiving the written explanation of the dispute process should be expedited whenew the form as soon as possible, preferably with written explanation of the <u>District's</u> decision.	er possi- in ten
dent will resolution If you nee	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process.	rollment in a school, the child shall be immed tt is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor	The stu- spute
dent will resolutior If you nee liaison fo	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this fo homeless students.	It is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di	The stu- spute
dent will resolution If you nee liaison fo Principa	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this fo homeless students.	It is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor	The stu- spute
dent will resolution If you nee liaison fo <b>Principa</b> Name:	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this fo homeless students.	t is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor Liaison for Homeless Students Name:	Thể stu- spute tact the
dent will resolution If you nee liaison fo <b>Principa</b> Name: Address/	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this fo homeless students.	t is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor Liaison for Homeless Students Name:	Thể stu- spute tact the
dent will resolution If you neu liaison fo <b>Principa</b> Name: Address/ Phone nu Email:	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this for homeless students.	t is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor Liaison for Homeless Students Name: Address/Location: Phone number: Email:	The stu- spute tact the
dent will i resolution If you nee liaison fo <b>Principa</b> Name: Address/ Phone nu Email: The princ resign FNG(LOO	the school in which enrollmen emain attending the school w process. ed assistance filling out this fo homeless students.	t is sought, pending resolution of the dispute there enrollment is sought during the entire di rm or if you have other questions, please cor Liaison for Homeless Students Name: Address/Location: Phone number:	The stu- spute tact the

FDC

ADMISSIONS

ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENTS FDC (EXHIBIT)

#### Exhibit B—Notice of Parent and Student Rights in the McKinney-Vento Enrollment Dispute Resolution Process

This document provides school district personnel with information regarding McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution procedures, including local and state expectations for processing a dispute. It should be used in conjunction with a district's policies and procedures addressing McKinney-Vento, including the district's local policy on homeless students at FDC(LOCAL), the district's McKinney-Vento Dispute Resolution Form at FDC(EXHIBIT), and the district's local policy on student and parent complaints at FNG(LOCAL). McKinney-Vento disputes should be expedited and resolved promptly to meet federal requirements. Districts have a responsibility to ensure that local timelines in the district's complaint policies are expedited, whenever possible, to meet the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) expectation of prompt dispute resolution. This document is the result of collaboration between TEA and the Texas Association of School Boards.

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act ("Act") provides important protections and rights for homeless children and unaccompanied homeless youth. The Act provides direction for districts when disputes occur regarding student eligibility, school selection, or enrollment. This document only addresses disputes regarding eligibility, school selection, or enrollment, since those are the only issues subject to the dispute resolution provisions of the Act. [See FNG(LOCAL) for all other disputes regarding homeless students.]

This document provides information about the dispute resolution process should the parent, guardian, or an unaccompanied youth disagree with a district's determination of eligibility, school selection, or enrollment. Upon dispute of eligibility, school selection, or enrollment, a school district must immediately enroll a homeless child in the school of origin, unless the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth selects the school located in the attendance zone where the student temporarily resides. In determining the best interest of the child, the district shall presume that keeping the student in his or her school of origin is in the student's best interest, except when doing so is contrary to the request of the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth. The district shall also consider the impact of moving schools on achievement, education, health, and safety. In <u>addition</u> the district must provide transportation to and from the school of origin. The student shall resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals.

#### Who at the district makes the eligibility, school selection, or enrollment decision?

A district's enrollment staff will gather and analyze information from the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth and make a determination of eligibility.

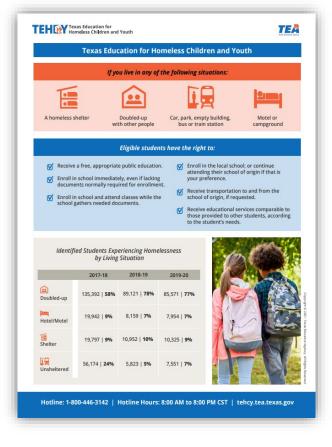
#### What type of notice will the parent, guardian, or an unaccompanied youth receive about a district's enrollment decision if the district determines that the student is not eligible for enrollment?

The district must provide the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth with a written notice that includes an explanation of the decision regarding eligibility, school selection, or enrollment, and the right of the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth to appeal or dispute the decision.

DATE ISSUED: 9/27/2021 UPDATE 64 FDC(EXHIBIT)-RRM 1 of 7



# **McKinney-Vento Infographics and Posters**

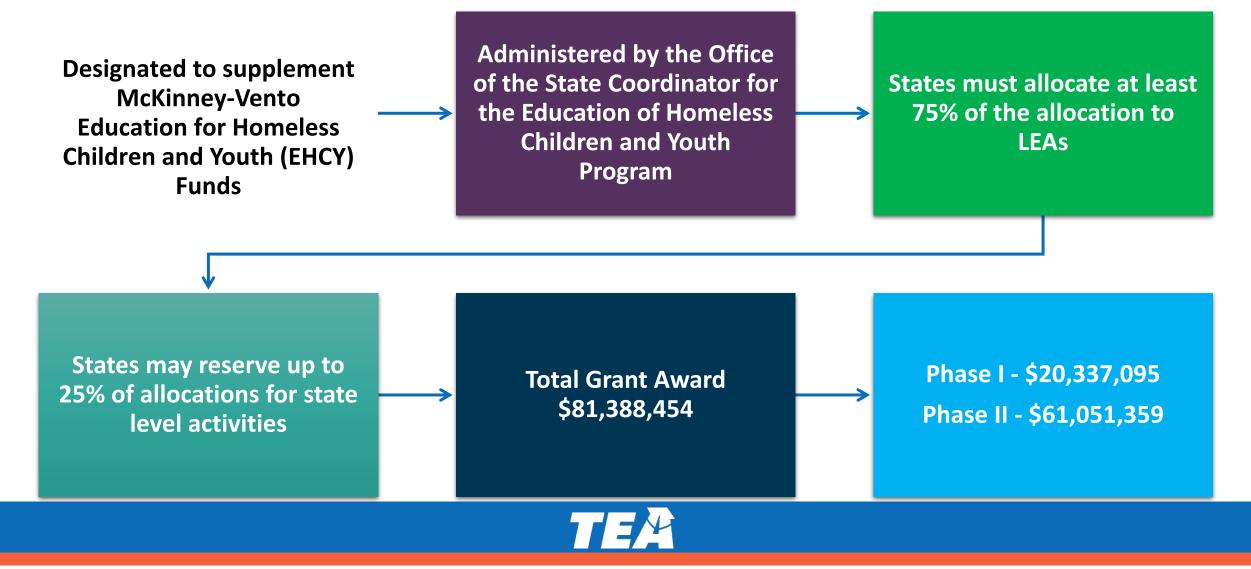




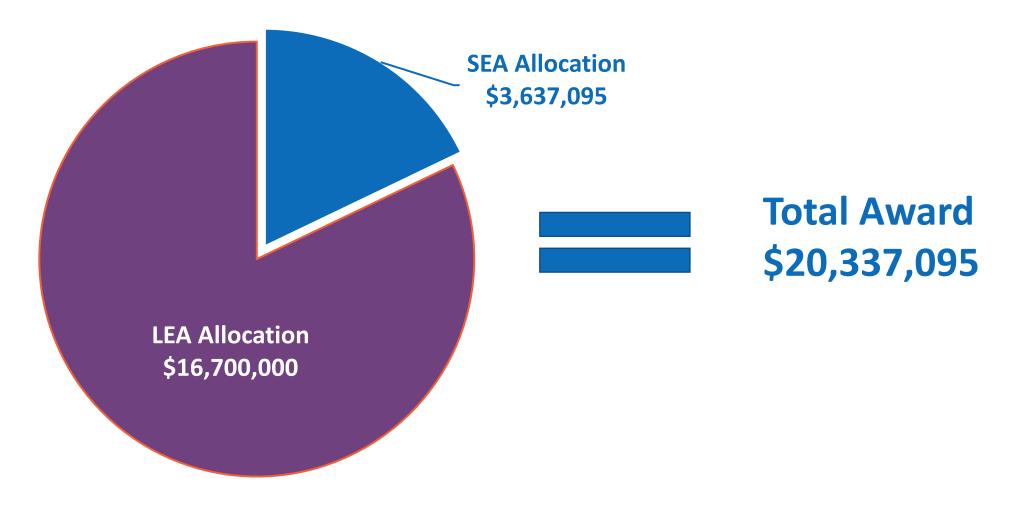
#### **Information for School-Age Youth** If you live in any of the following situations: : •• Motel or Doubled-up with Car, park, empty building, campground other name bus or train station Eligible students have the right to: S Receive a free, appropriate public education. M Enroll in the local school: or continue attending their school of origin if that is your preference. S Enroll in school immediately, even if lacking Receive transportation to and from the school documents normally required for enrollment. of origin, if requested. Enroll in school and attend classes while the Receive educational services comparable to school gathers needed documents. those provided to other students, according to the student's needs. **IF YOU BELIEVE...** IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT BELIEVES... you may be eligible, contact the local liaison listed that the school you selected is not in your best below to find out what services and supports may interest, the district must provide you with a written be available. explanation of its position and inform you of your right to appeal its decision. Texas Education for Homeless Children ocal Liais TEA and Youth Support Center 1 800 446 3142 | tehcy.tea.texas.go

TEP

# American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth Phase I and II Grant Funds



# American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth Phase I Grant Funds





# 2021-2022 Texas Education for Homeless Children Youth (TEHCY) Grant Updates

- August 12, 2021, preliminary grant selection notices were announced.
- Awarded approximately \$8.3 million in grant funds.
- 92 subgrantees.
- Serving a total of 214 LEAs.



### **ARP Homeless I – TEHCY Supplemental Grant**

Торіс	ARP Homeless I – TEHCY Supplemental Grant
Funding Source	American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth (ARP Act)
Grant Purpose and Intent	Increased funding to 2021-2022 TEHCY grantees to address the unique needs of homeless children and youth due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic
Funding Cycle	09/01/21-08/31/2024
Anticipated Grant Posting Date	Mid November 2021
Anticipated Application Due Date	February 2022
Eligible Applicants	All 2021-2022 TEHCY Subgrantees
Total Grant Funding Amount	\$16,700,000
Subgrantee Grant Funding Amount	2021-2022 TEHCY Grant Award x 2
Pre-Award Costs Start Date	Yes - September 1, 2021

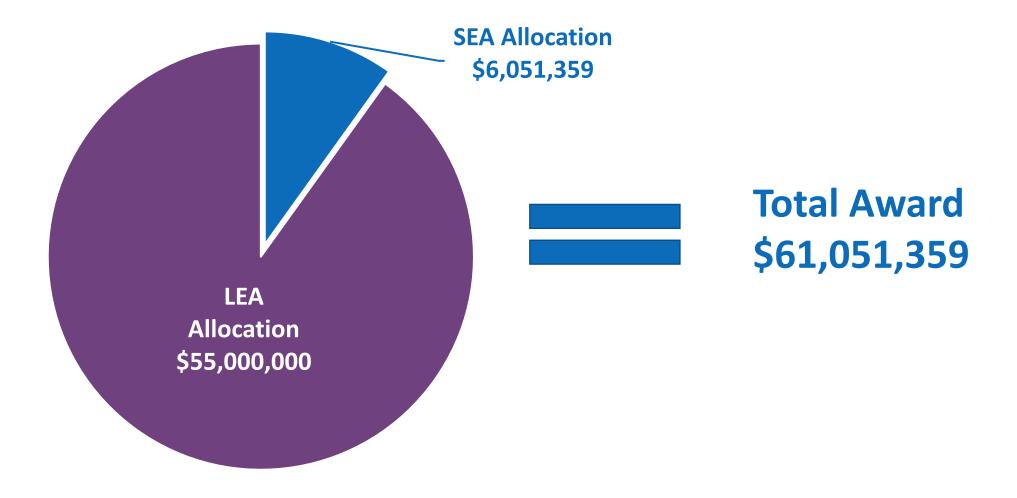


### **ARP Homeless I - ESC Capacity Building Supplemental Grant**

Торіс	ARP Homeless I – ESC Capacity Building Supplemental Grant
Funding Source	American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth (ARP Act)
Grant Purpose and Intent	To assist the agency with ARP-Homeless I state-wide activities to support implementation of TEHCY program and services
Funding Cycle	09/01/21 - 08/31/2024
Grant Posting Date	October 29, 2021
Grant Application Due Date	January 3, 2022
Eligible Applicants	All 20 ESCs
Total Grant Funding Amount	\$3,000,000
ESC Grant Funding Amount	\$150,000
Pre-Award Costs Start Date	Yes - September 1, 2021



### American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth Phase II Grant Funds



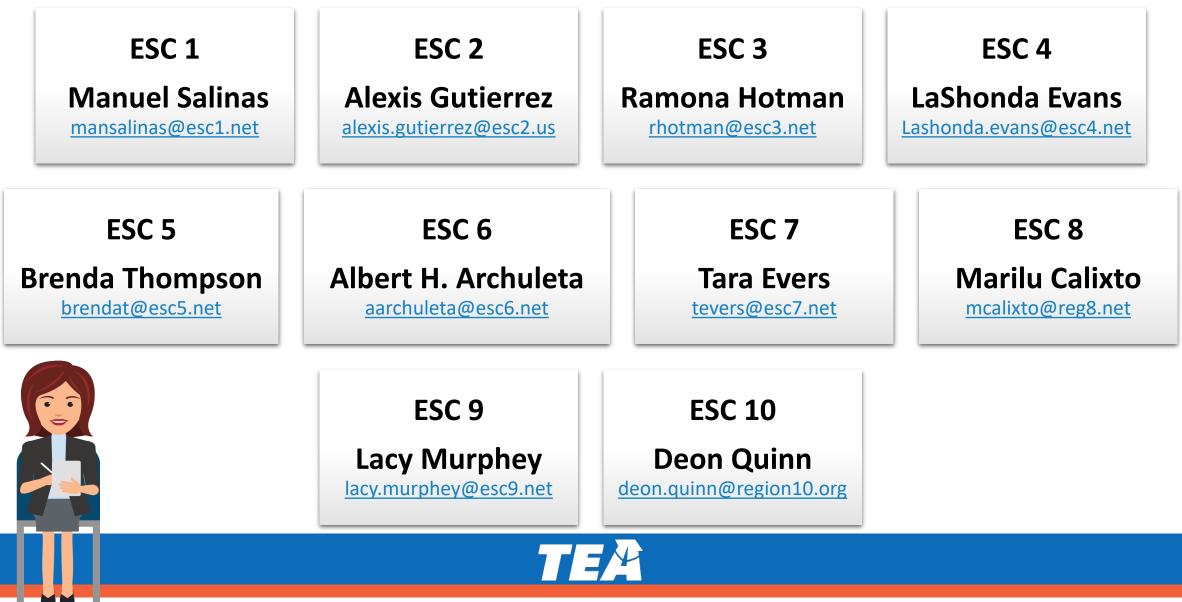


# **ARP - Homeless II Grants**

Торіс	ARP Homeless II Grants
Funding Source	American Rescue Plan – Homeless Children and Youth (ARP Act)
Grant Purpose and Intent	Funding for all LEAs to address the unique needs of homeless children and youth due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic
Application Type	eGrant Application
Anticipated Grant Posting Date	Mid January 2022
Eligible Applicants	LEAs are eligible to apply for an individual grant if their ARP Homeless II allocations is at least \$5,000
-	LEAs are required to join an SSA if their allocation is less than \$5,000
Total Grant Funding Amount	\$55,000,000



### **Regional McKinney-Vento Liaison Contacts**



### **Regional McKinney-Vento Liaison Contacts**

ESC 11	ESC 12	ESC 13	ESC 14
Christie Miller	Amberly Walker	Cheryl Myers	Tina Haywood
cjmiller@esc11.net	awalker@esc12.net	cheryl.myers@esc13.txed.net	thaywood@esc14.net
ESC 15	ESC 16	ESC 17	ESC 18
Carol Stevens	Vickie Ansley	Angie Watson	Angie Balderrama
carol.stevens@esc15.net	vickie.ansley@esc16.net	awatson@esc17.net	abalderrama@esc18.net
	ESC 19 Manuel Aldaco mdaldaco@esc19.net	ESC 20 Karina Gonzalez Karina.gonzalez@esc20.net	



### **Pause to Process**



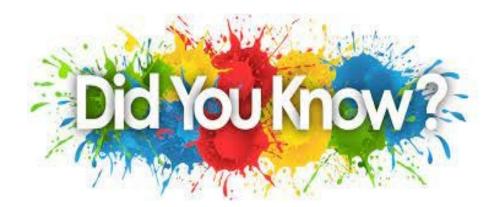




Foster Care & Student Success Updates

# **Students in Foster Care**

- Foster Care" refers to children and youth who are in custody of the State of Texas due to abuse/neglect, regardless of their living arrangements. For school purposes this term includes students who are in "kinship" care, where DFPS (Department of Family and Protective Services) is the managing conservator.
- A court grants legal custody of the student to DFPS if it is determined the student cannot safely remain with a parent or legal guardian.
- DFPS secures a relative, foster home, or other setting to ensure the student's safety and wellbeing.



There are approximately 17,000 school-aged students in Texas schools who are in foster care on any given day.



### Foster Care and Student Success Resource Guide 2.0

### **FOSTER CARE & STUDENT SUCCESS:**



### TEXAS SYSTEMS WORKING TOGETHER TO TRANSFORM EDUCATION OUTCOMES OF **STUDENTS IN FOSTER CARE**





TEXAS Department f Family an



Coming Soon!

### **Chapter 8 Every Student Succeeds** Act

- Rights for students in foster care.
- **Educational Stability:** 
  - School of origin
  - Education bestinterest
  - Transportation coordination
  - Data collection and

reporting

### \*2 New Chapters\*

### **Chapter 10 Trauma-Informed Education**

- $\succ$ Traumatic childhood experiences.
- Trauma-informed school communities.
- Supporting mental and behavioral health of students in foster care.
- Truancy and discipline.
- Multi-tiered systems of support.

### **Chapters in the New Foster Care and Student Success Resource Guide**

Chapter 1: Education & Students in Foster Care	Chapter 2: Increasing Cross-Systems Awareness	Chapter 3: Building Cross-Systems Partnership	Chapter 4: Child Welfare 101	Chapter 5: Foster Care Liaisons
Chapter 6: School Enrollment, Withdrawal, & other Transition Considerations	Chapter 7: Identifying Students & Maintaining Confidentiality	Chapter 8: Every Student Succeeds Act	Chapter 9: Education Decision-Making	Chapter 10: Trauma- Informed School Support
	Chapter 11: Student Support & Interventions	Chapter 12: Special Education Services	Chapter 13: Transitioning from Foster Care & Post- Secondary Opportunities	



# **Training Opportunities – Foster Care Guide**

- Foster Care 101 webinar on website
- Foster Care Guide Basics
- Foster Care Guide chapter training
- ESC Foster Care Workgroup presentations



### **Foster Care PEIMS coding**

Prekindergarten Eligibility for Students in Foster Care (HB 725)

Expands free Pre-K eligibility for students from other state foster care systems (current or former) who reside in Texas.

Prekindergarten Eligibility – Foster Care



### **Foster Care PEIMS Coding**

- N

	0	Student is not currently in the conservatorship of the TX DFPS
	1	Student is currently in the conservatorship of the TX DFPS
	2	Pre-kindergarten student was previously in the conservatorship of the TX DFPS
EW	3	Pre-kindergarten student is or ever has been in foster care in another state or territory, if the child resides in this state (Texas). TEC §29.153(b).

### TEX

### Prekindergarten Qualifications

1. Do students in or formerly in Texas DFPS Managing Conservatorship qualify for free Pre-K?

Yes.<sup>2</sup> All students in or formerly in Texas DFPS Managing Conservatorship qualify for free Pre-K in the State of Texas. Caregivers need to provide documentation of foster care status upon enrollment. Caregivers also receive a verification letter from DFPS stating they qualify for this benefit. For students currently in DFPS Managing Conservatorship, the school may accept the verification letter, Education Decision-Maker 2085 E, 2085, or redacted court order. For Texas students no longer in DFPS Managing Conservatorship, an adoption decree or verification letter from DFPS is needed. Both forms of documentation are acceptable for this purpose. Caregivers and schools can obtain a verification letter by emailing the DFPS Pre-K verification mailbox: prekverificationltrs@dfps.texas.gov.<sup>3</sup>

For information on Pre-K qualification for students from another state's child welfare system, see Question 4 of this section.

#### 4. \*Updated\* Do students in or formerly in foster care from another state's child welfare system qualify for free Pre-K in Texas?

Yes, all students residing in Texas currently in or formerly in foster care from another state's child welfare system qualify for free Pre-K in the State of Texas.

This is due to the passage of HB 725 by the 87th Texas Legislature (2021), which amended TEC § 29.153 (b), to provide prekindergarten eligibility for children who are currently in or were previously in foster care in another state or territory, if the child resides in Texas.

This is an adjustment from previous TEA FAQ guidance that noted that students currently in foster care from another state were eligible because they are considered "educationally disadvantaged" under state law (TEC § 29.153(b)(2)). Although this provision still applies, state law was amended to clearly include students, both in or formerly in foster care from another state or territory, for this benefit.



### **Pause to Process**



11/23/2021



At-Risk Awareness and Updates

### TAA – Child Abuse and Neglect, including Human Trafficking, Prevention T = M and Awareness, Reminders and Requirements



stin, Texas 78701-1494 • 512 463-9734 • 512 463-9838 FAX • tea.texas.gov

DATE:	October 28, 2021
SUBJECT:	Child Abuse and Neglect, including Human Trafficking, Prevention and Awareness
	Reminders and Requirements
CATEGORY:	Special Populations
NEXT STEPS:	Share with campus personnel

The purpose of this correspondence is to provide information regarding reporting requirements and training concerning child abuse and neglect, including human trafficking, prevention, and awareness.

#### Required Action:

Student-facing posters that meet the requirements of TAC §61.1051(e) and (f) must be posted in at least one high-traffic area (hallway, above a water fountain, gym, locker room, counselor's office, etc.) on every campus in both English and Spanish. The Texas Education Agency (TEA), in cooperation with Children's Advocacy Centers of Texas, has developed posters in English and Spanish that satisfy the requirements of 19 TAC §61.1051(e) and (f).

#### Mandatory Reporting:

All educators are mandatory reporters who are required to report suspicions of child abuse and neglect, including trafficking of a child, within 48 hours, per Texas Family Code, § 261.101. As local educational agencies (LEAs) navigate both remote and in-person learning environments, it is critical for teachers and school staff to remain vigilant in their identification and reporting of these concerns.

Educators and Staff Reporting Requirement: LEA personnel are required to report child abuse or neglect, including the trafficking of a child. A report shall be made to:

- any local or state law enforcement agency;
- the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS); or
- · the state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or registers the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect occurred.

NEW: If the matter to be reported potentially involves human trafficking, report to local or state law enforcement and DFPS. Please note that for purposes of human trafficking reporting, local law enforcement does not include a school district's police department.

In cases of emergencies, please call 911. Webinar Series:

Use this link to register for TEA's Human Trafficking Prevention and Awareness 2021-2022 webinar series. Training will be held on: November 5, 2021; December 3, 2021; January 7, 2022; and March 4, 2022. Each meeting will be held from 10:30 am to 11:45 am.

Recorded trainings from the Human Trafficking Prevention and Awareness 2020-2021 webinar series are available on TEA's Special Student Populations Division Webinars and Trainings webpage.

#### 87th Legislative Updates:

Senate Bill 1831 (87(R)): Requires the posting of warning signs of offenses and penalties relating to human trafficking of minors on and around school premises. TEA will be developing rules in Spring 2022 to guide signage requirements.

Senate Bill 9 (87(2)): Requires students to be exposed to educational instruction pertaining to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking. It requires that a parent be provided notice of the instruction, the right to review or purchase a copy of the material, and the right to remove the parent's student from any part of the instruction, if desired. It also amends current law relating to public school instruction and materials regarding the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking and the adoption of public-school policies to prevent dating violence. More information to support implementation of these changes will be forthcoming.

#### Resources:

Texas School Employee's Guide to Reporting Suspected Child Abuse & Neglect provides guidance on the steps to respond to students and the reporting of abuse or neglect in English and Spanish.

If you have any questions regarding child abuse mandatory reporting, including human trafficking prevention and awareness requirements, please contact the Division of Highly Mobile and At-Risk Student Programs, PreventingHumanTrafficking@tea.texas.gov.

**New:** If the matter to be reported potentially involves human *trafficking*, report to local or state law enforcement and DFPS. *Please note that for the purposes* of human trafficking reporting, *local law enforcement does not* include a school district's police department.



# TEA

### **TEA and Children's Advocacy Center & Child Abuse Prevention Toolkit**

#### Reporting Suspected Child Abuse, Neglect, or Human Trafficking in a Remote Learning Environment Reminders and Tips

Amid the pandemic, reports to the child abuse hotline have dropped significantly. Students are spending more time at home and less time with the teachers, coaches, and other adults who most often report concerns of abuse or neglect. Educators are mandatory reporters and are required to report suspicions of child abuse and neglect, including the trafficking of a child (Texas Family Code § 261.101). As districts prepare for a new school year that may include both remote and in-person learning environments, it is critical for teachers and school staff to remain vigilant in their identification and reporting of these concerns. See below for key tips and considerations.

#### Possible Signs of Abuse, Neglect, or Trafficking

Injuries and Other Visible Signs – In a remote setting, an educator may observe unexplained, frequent, or patterned injuries that may indicate a child is being abused. A lack of personal care or hygiene may also be cause for concern.

Changes in Behavior or Demeanor – Abused children may appear scared, anxious, depressed, withdrawn, or more aggressive. Children who have been sexually abused may engage in high-risk behavior or may seem to know more about sex than they should at their age. This may be evident in your communications with a student or may be something that you have a sense about when interacting with them remotely.

Disengagement or Absenteeism – Pay attention to students who are absent from remote classrooms, who are not turning in assignments, or who are otherwise unreachable. Make sure your district has a plan for reaching out to and connecting with students who are not engaged.

Concerns with the Student's Physical Environment – When connecting with students remotely, pay attention to any safety concerns you observe within the home, or any other indicators that the child may be in danger.

#### Additional Ways Educators Can Provide Support

Engage with students and ask how they are doing. Make sure students know that you are a supportive adult who genuinely cares about their well-being. Ask questions like, "How are you doing?" and "What's it like for you to be at home so much instead of at school?" Even children who are not being abused may have difficulty coping with changes brought on by the pandemic. Asking these questions may identify students who are struggling with mental health concerns.

Connect more frequently with students who may be at a higher risk for abuse, neglect, or trafficking. This may include students whose well-being you have been concerned about in the past, students with disabilities or special needs, and/or students with a history of trauma.

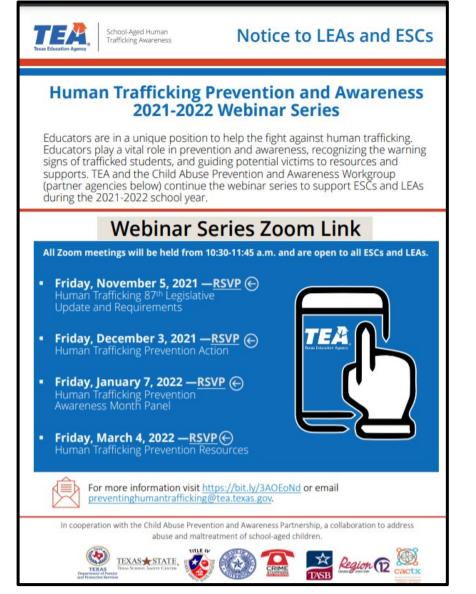
Enlist school counselors and other student support professionals to help you connect with students' families. Many parents and caregivers are under a lot of stress right now, and some may be experiencing job loss and other stressors related to the pandemic. Be aware of the supports and resources your district has available for families and help link students and families to these resources.

> If you suspect a child is in immediate danger, call 911. For all other cases in Texas, call the abuse & neglect hotline at 1.800.252.5400 Click here for more resources from CACTX. Children's advocacy restry centers'' of texas



# TEA

### **Human Trafficking Prevention & Awareness**



### **State Compensatory Education**

The goal of the State Compensatory Education (SCE) program is to provide **funding** to reduce disparity in performance on assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high school completion between educationally disadvantaged students, at-risk students, and all other students. The purpose of the SCE program is to increase academic achievement and reduce the dropout rate for these students by providing supplemental programs and services.

### SCE Frequently Asked Questions



### "Students at-risk of dropping out of school" TEC §29.081(d)(1)(A)-(E)

is under 26 years of age and who:

if retained for prekindergarten under Section <u>28.02124</u>, was not advanced from one grade level to the next for one or more school years

if the student is in grade 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12, did not maintain an average equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester

did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered to the student under Subchapter <u>B</u>, Chapter <u>39</u>, and who has not in the previous or current school year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appropriate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument

### At-Risk Definition Continued - TEC §29.081(d)(1)(F)-(I)

if the student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grade 1, 2, or 3, did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the current school year;

is pregnant or is a parent

has been placed in an alternative education program in accordance with Section <u>37.006</u> during the preceding or current school year

has been expelled in accordance with Section <u>37.007</u> during the preceding or current school year

is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;

### At-Risk Definition Continued - TEC §29.081(d)(1)(J)-(M)

was previously reported through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;

is an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Section 29.052;

is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Protective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the juvenile court, or law enforcement official;

is homeless;

# TEA

### At-Risk Definition Continued - TEC §29.081(d)(1)(N)-(O)

resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in the district, including a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cottage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation;

has been incarcerated or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Section <u>1.07</u>, Penal Code; or

is enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school, or a campus of a school district or open-enrollment charter school, that is designated as a dropout recovery school under Section <u>39.0548</u>; or

regardless of the student's age, participates in an adult education program provided under the adult high school charter school program under Subchapter <u>G</u>, Chapter <u>12</u>

**Communities In Schools** 

United States Department of Education High School Graduation Initiatives

21st Century Community Learning Centers

**Dropout Prevention FAQ** 

# **General Updates**

TEA



### **Upcoming Trainings and Events**

### **Highly Mobile and At-Risk Webinar**

January 27th, 2022 1:00-2:30 pm CST

March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022 1:00-2:30 pm CST

### **Transition Assistance Training Series**

Part 3: <u>Friday, 12/3 (10:00 am – 11:15 am)</u>



# Sign Up for Updates!

